

# The Rules of Technical Communication

# **Technical department of CZ.NIC**

November 30, 2018

### **Contents**

1	Introduction	2
2	Communication protocol	2
3	Login data and communication limits	2
4	Request pricing	3
5	Identifier creation rules	3
6	Automatic merger of duplicate contacts	4
7	Handling of key sets with changes of name-server sets in domains	4
8	Deletion of domains	5
9	Deletion of unused contacts, name-server sets and key sets; protection period for deleted objects	5
10	Technical checks of name servers	6
11	Central register communication	6



#### 1 Introduction

This document describes mainly communication between a registrar and the Central register, but also communication of the Central register towards contacts (holders, administrative and technical contacts), which unwinds from activity of registrars and the Central register.

The registrar may communicate using any tools compatible with conditions set forth in this document.

# 2 Communication protocol

The Extensible Provisioning Protocol (EPP) is used as the communication protocol. The EPP is a XML-based protocol. Our implementation of the EPP is based on RFC standards but it contains unique modifications and extensions.

Everything about our implementation of EPP is described as a part of the register software documentation in the FRED Documentation / EPP Reference Manual<sup>1</sup>. Depending on your level of experience, we recommend to explore at least the following chapters:

- Protocol basics<sup>2</sup>
   An introduction to the EPP protocol and a summary of the main EPP standard.
- Managed objects<sup>3</sup>
   A description of objects that can be managed within the protocol and their atttributes, states, and command-response mappings.
- Command & response structure<sup>4</sup>
   A detailed reference of all commands and responses, including their syntax and constraints.

XSD schemas for client-side XML validation are available at http://www.nic.cz/page/744/registry-system/.

# 3 Login data and communication limits

Every single EPP communication starts with registrar's authentication using their user name and password in the login EPP command. The username and password are assigned to the registrar by the register operator.

The TLS security requires a client certificate. The registrar must deliver the certificate fingerprint to the register operator for the purposes of verification procedure. The system accepts commercial certificates issued by any certification authority, which has been accredited for the issuance of qualified certificates in the Czech Republic, or certificates generated directly by the register operator.

The maximum number of a single registrar's concurrent logins is 5.

An inactive session is closed and the registrar is disconnected after 5 minutes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://fred.nic.cz/documentation/html/EPPReference

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://fred.nic.cz/documentation/html/EPPReference/ProtocolBasics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://fred.nic.cz/documentation/html/EPPReference/ManagedObjects

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://fred.nic.cz/documentation/html/EPPReference/CommandStructure



After every unsuccessful operation (EPP return code >=2000), the connection is held for 1 second.

The speed of opening new connections is limited to 100 per minute. This applies globally to all EPP connections of all registrars.

### 4 Request pricing

The registrar gains a certain amount of free requests per month.

The amount of free requests is determined individually by the number of registered domains at the beginning of the month, where one domain is worth 100 free requests. However, the amount of free requests is never lower than 25,000.

Once the registrar has spent all free requests, they get charged for all the following requests according to the "Price per EPP query" item in the current price list<sup>5</sup>.

### 5 Identifier creation rules

Object identifiers (the name element in domains and the id element in contacts, name-server sets and key sets) may be selected according to the following rules.

#### Domain names in the cz zone

- are composed of 2 labels separated with a period . ,
- · the first label
  - contains only upper-case and lower-case letters of the English alphabet, digits (characters 0 through 9), and -6 characters,
  - does not begin nor end with the -6 character,
  - does not contain two or more consecutive -6 characters,
  - has the length of 1-63 characters,
- the second label is the zone cz,
- may end with a period.

The register is case-insensitive and presents the domain names transformed to lower case.

#### Domain names in the 0.2.4.e164.arpa zone (ENUM)

are composed of 6–15 labels separated with a period . ,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.nic.cz/page/349/cenik/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> the character of the basic ASCII set for hyphen/minus



- each label preceeding the zone contains exactly one digit (characters 0 through 9),
- ends with the zone 0.2.4.e164.arpa,
- may end with a period.

The register is case-insensitive and presents the domain names transformed to lower case.

#### Other identifiers

Identifiers (handles) of contacts, name-server sets and key sets:

- contain only upper-case and/or lower-case letters of the English alphabet, digits (characters 0 through 9), and -6 characters,
- do not begin nor end with the -6 character,
- · do not exceed the length of 30 characters.

The register is case-insensitive and presents the identifiers transformed to upper case.

### 6 Automatic merger of duplicate contacts

The Central register merges duplicate contacts that it detects in the database. This procedure is executed once a week on Monday morning.

Contacts are considered duplicates when their key attributes are identical, see FRED Documentation / Contact merger / Identical contacts<sup>7</sup>.

Only contacts that have the same designated registrar can be merged.

The Central register selects the *destination contact*, into which the merge will result and it will be used to replace the duplicate contacts in linked objects, automatically with given quality criteria that are stated in the documentation: FRED Documentation / Contact merger / Selection of the destination contact in an automatic merger<sup>8</sup>.

Contacts that have CZ.NIC or mojeID as the designated registrar, are excluded from the automatic merger.

# 7 Handling of key sets with changes of name-server sets in domains

If a new name-server set that contains the same name servers as the original set, is assigned to a domain, then the key set is kept.

If a new name-server set that contains different name servers than the original set, is assigned to a domain, then the key set is unlinked automatically.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> https://fred.nic.cz/documentation/html/Concepts/ContactMerger.html#merge-auto-identity

<sup>8</sup> https://fred.nic.cz/documentation/html/Concepts/ContactMerger.html#merge-auto-criteria



If the key set identifier is re-entered as a part of the request to update the name-server set in a domain, then the key set is kept.

If a name-server set is unlinked from a domain, then the key set is unlinked as well.

### 8 Deletion of domains

Domains that are 61 days after expiration, are marked with the deleteCandidate status, which denotes that they are to be deleted. Such domains are then randomly deleted during the same day.

Domains in the deleteCandidate state appear as registered in the response to the check\_domain EPP command and their status and details can still be read with the info\_domain EPP command, but they cannot be renewed anymore.

Public interfaces (WHOIS) display only the information that a domain in the deleteCandidate state is to be deleted. This information is available in the public interfaces either till the domain is re-registered (when the details of the new registration are displayed), or till the next day. Hence, the public interfaces do not inform whether a domain has actually been deleted yet and is available for registration.

# 9 Deletion of unused contacts, name-server sets and key sets; protection period for deleted objects

The contacts which, within the previous 6 months, were not assigned to any domain name, nameserver set or key set and, at the same time, no changes were made to such contacts, will be deleted by the central registry.

Name-server sets which, within the previous 6 months, were not assigned to any domain name and, at the same time, no changes were made to such name-server set, will be deleted by the central registry.

Key sets which, within the previous 6 months, were not assigned to any domain name and, at the same time, no changes were made to such key sets, will be deleted by the central registry.

The contacts, name-server sets and key sets which are deleted by the central registry, as a result of not being used, or by the registrar using the respective EPP command are subject to the protection period of 2 months of the deletion.

During the protection period, the identifier (handle) of the contact, name-server set or key set cannot be used as an identifier of a newly registered object (contact, name-server set, key set). After the expiry of the protection period, the deleted identifier (handle) may be used again for the registration of a new contact, name-server set or key set.



### 10 Technical checks of name servers

Technical checks of name-server sets are carried out in order to monitor the condition of the name servers to which domain names are delegated. A technical check represents a set of individual tests which are, in a certain order, applied to name servers within a name-server set. The tests *do not affect* inclusion or exclusion of a domain to/from a zone, the test results are only informative.

The individual tests, their severity, dependencies and possible results are described in the FRED Documentation / Concepts / Technical checks<sup>9</sup>.

The registrar may request a technical check through EPP and specify the level of tests to be performed by their severity with a number from 1 to 6 (inclusive). If the level is not specified, the level given by the report level attribute of a name-server set is tested. If that attribute is not set, the default level 3 is tested. The registrar receives the test results in a poll message.

Technical checks are also performed regularly but the registrar is not informed about the results in this case. Only technical contacts of the tested name-server set are notified if the check fails.

# 11 Central register communication

The table contains a description, time specification and addresses of individual types of Central register communications, including poll messages which are intended for registrar's needs.

Table 1: Central register communication

Туре	When	Addressee	Note
Notification	after domain change implementation	notify email of the holder	
Notification	after contact change implementation	notify email of the contact	
Notification	after name-server set change implementation	notify email of the tech- nical contacts	
Notification	after key set change implementation	notify email of the tech- nical contacts	
Notification	after registrar change implementation	notify email of the respective contact	received as a poll mes- sage by the original registrar
Periodic request to check and correct contact's data	annually 2 months be- fore the date of regis- tration of the contact	email of the contact	
Sending of domain authorization information	after domain change implementation	notify email of the holder	

Continued on next page

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> https://fred.nic.cz/documentation/html/Concepts/Teccheck.html



Table 1 – continued from previous page

Туре	When	Addressee	Note
Sending of contact	after contact change	notify email of the con-	
authorization infor-	implementation	tact	
mation	Implementation	1401	
Sending of name-	after name-server set	notify email of the tech-	
server set autho-	change implementa-	nical contact	
rization information	tion	Tilcai contact	
		potific appoil of the took	
Sending of key set	after key set change	notify email of the tech-	
authorization infor-	implementation	nical contact	
mation			
Validation	30 days prior to the ex-		received as a poll mes-
	piry date of the valida-		sage by the registrar
	tion		
Validation	15 days prior to the ex-	email of the holder and	
	piry date of the valida-	administrative contacts	
	tion		
Expiration	30 days prior to the ex-		received as a poll mes-
	piry date of registration		sage by the registrar
Expiration	on the expiry date of	email of the holder and	also received as a poll
	registration	administrative contacts	message by the regis-
			trar
Exclusion from the	30 days after the expiry	email of the holder,	also received as a poll
zone after expiry	date	administrative contacts	message by the regis-
		and technical contacts	trar
		of the name-server set	
Exclusion from the	on the expiry date of	email of the holder,	also received as a poll
zone – validation	validation	administrative contacts	message by the regis-
		and technical contacts	trar
		of the name-server set	
Cancellation warn-	33 days after the expiry	letter to the postal ad-	discontinued, from Jan
ing	date	dress of the holder	1, 2019 will not be sent
"'9	dato		anymore
Cancellation of	61 days after the expi-	email of the holder	
a domain name	ration	administrative contacts	message by the regis-
a domain name	lation	and technical contacts	trar
		of the name-server set	liai
Cancellation of	on the date of cancel-	or the hame-server set	received as a poll mos
a domain name	lation		received as a poll mes-
Cancellation of an	on the date of cancel-	email of the contact or	sage by the registrar
unused contact,	lation	technical contacts	
name-server set or			
key set			and the second s
Technical check re-	upon request		received as a poll mes-
sults			sage by the registrar

Continued on next page



Table 1 – continued from previous page

Туре	When	Addressee	Note
Technical check re-	periodical	email of technical con-	
sults		tacts of the relevant	
		name-server set	
Invoice – monthly	monthly	email of the registrar	invoice in PDF and XML
Invoice – advance payment	after matching an advance payment	email of the registrar	invoice in PDF and XML
Automatic merger	after merger	email of the contact	also usual notification
of duplicate con-			of domain, name-
tacts			server set or key set
			update, see the first
			rows in this table
Automatic key man-	after discovery of valid	email of technical con-	
agement - accep-	CDNSKEY records on	tacts of the name-	
tance period iniated	an insecured domain	server set	
Automatic key man-	if CDNSKEY records	email of technical con-	
agement - accep-	change during the ac-	tacts of the name-	
tance period broken	ceptance period	server set	
Automatic key man-	domain update with the		usual notification of do-
agement - accep-	new accepted key set		main update, see the
tance period com-			first row in this table
pleted			
Automatic key man-	after discovery of	email of technical con-	
agement - update	new valid CDNSKEY	tacts of the name-	
keys	records on a secured domain	server set	
_			